LIVING WELL

Healthy, Safe and Connected

Healthy, Safe and Connected Resource Toolkit C: 🍪

INFORMATION AND RESOURCES TO KEEP YOU HEALTHY, SAFE AND CONNECTED

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People with disabilities need to be healthy, safe, and connected. This toolkit will give people simple ways to be sure you know how to do all three. We want you to have the information and tools to stay healthy, safe, and connected throughout your lifetime and not just during an emergency. You can find the most update to date information at our website at **www.wi-bpdd.org**.





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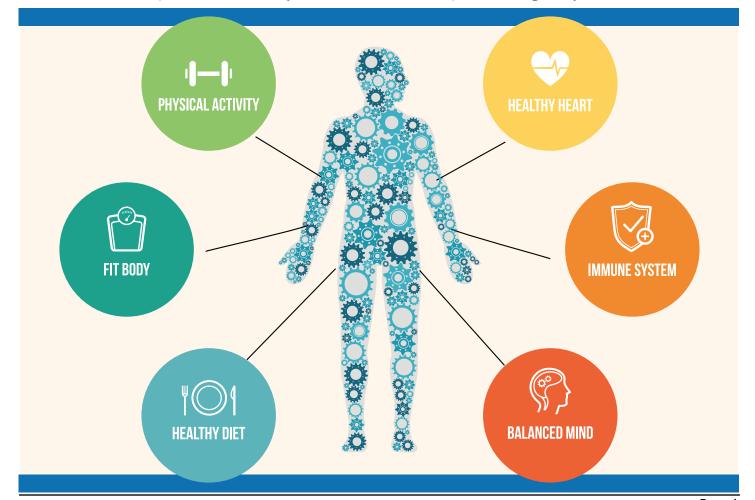
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STAY HEALTHY



What You Need to Know

Knowing how to stay healthy is important to live a long and healthy life. This resource will give you ideas and resources on how to live a healthy life. It will include information about exercise, eating right, ways to avoid getting sick, when to call the doctor, and mental health. This section includes different forms to fill out. You can complete a form about your health, an exercise plan, and a grocery list.



How to Live a Healthy Life



- Be physically active every day.
- Eat healthy foods in just the right size, not too much at one time.
- Don't eat a lot of junk food.
- · Don't get too much sun.
- Get regular checkups with your doctor.
- · Don't smoke.
- Take your medicine when your doctor says to take it at the times you are supposed to take them.
- If you drink alcoholic beverages, drink just a few.
- Be sure to drink as much water as you can.
- Get help if you use other drugs and cannot stop.
- Stay in touch with family and friends.
- If you need help, talk with your doctor.

How to Move Your Body

Moving your body can make you feel better, move around better, and sleep better. It can also help reduce anxiety for many people. Even a little bit of exercise can make you healthier. Find a workout buddy to do something fun together. If you need support to move your body, be sure to include that in your plan. People should do at least 150 minutes a week of movement. You can spread this throughout the whole week. People should work to strengthen their muscles 2 times a week. You can even use what you have in your home like a soup can, a gallon of milk or a bag of potatoes.

Simple ways to increase your activity:

- Take the stairs instead of an elevator
- If you drive, park further away from where you are going.
- · Clean your house or do some yard work.
- · Get up and move around every hour.
- Take a walk outside every day.
- Have someone assist you in moving your body.
- Do range of motion exercises.
- Try a chair exercise program

You should talk with your doctor before you start any new exercise.



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My Physical Activity Diary

Week:	Month:	
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	Monday			Tuesday	
Time of day	Type of Activity	Minutes	Time of day	Type of Activity	Minutes
	Wednesday			Thursday	
Time of day	Type of Activity	Minutes	Time of day	Type of Activity	Minutes
	Friday			Saturday	
Time of day	Type of Activity	Minutes	Time of day	Type of Activity	Minutes
Time of day		Minutes	Time of day		Minutes
Time of day		Minutes	Time of day		Minutes
Time of day		Minutes	Time of day		Minutes
Time of day		Minutes	Time of day		Minutes
Time of day	Type of Activity	Minutes	Time of day	Type of Activity	Minutes
	Type of Activity Sunday		Time of day		Minutes
Time of day Time of day	Type of Activity	Minutes Minutes	Time of day	Type of Activity	Minutes
	Type of Activity Sunday		Time of day	Type of Activity	Minutes
	Type of Activity Sunday		Time of day	Type of Activity	Minutes
	Type of Activity Sunday		Time of day	Type of Activity	Minutes
	Type of Activity Sunday		Time of day	Type of Activity	Minutes

Create a Grocery List

Fruit	ts	Grains (Breads, Pa	stas, Rice, Cereals)
L			1
Dairy (Milk, Yog	(urt. Cheese)	Vege	tables
	surt, enecey	3.3	
<u> </u>			
Prote	ein	Ot	her
(Meat, Seafood, Beans			

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How to Eat Healthy

- Eat a variety of vegetables and fill most of your plate with them.
- Enjoy fruit and not just fruit juice. Get a variety of things like berries, apples, or bananas.
- Eat different grains which are bread, pasta, cereals. Try and eat whole wheat or whole grain. Don't eat a lot of white flour grains.
- Enjoy fish, chicken, lean meats, beans, nuts and eggs which are the proteins.
- Get a variety of dairy in smaller amounts. Dairy is yogurt, milk, cheese.
 Look for lower fat options.
- Try and avoid eating too much junk food like chips, soda, cookies, fast food and candy. Think about eating some of those types of food only once in a while.
- Choose healthy snacks.
- Don't overeat and take your time eating.



If you need help to pay for food, check out this resource https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/publications/p1/p16013.pdf or call 1-800-362-3002.



Taking Care of Your Mental Health

People with disabilities can also have a mental heath condition. Here are some ways people might feel when they have a mental health concern:

- Ongoing sad mood
- Not enjoying things, you have done in the past
- Increased anger or being upset
- Sleeping more or not being able to sleep/ a change in sleep
- Not feel hungry or eating more to feel better
- Having problems remembering things or paying attention
- · Feeling tired
- Worrying about things
- Not wanting to be with people including your family or friends
- Not wanting to go to place or do the things you like to do
- Feeling out of control, anxious or panicking
- · Thoughts of hurting yourself or of dying



If you feel like hurting yourself or dying, call the Suicide Prevention Hotline at 800-273-TALK (8255)

How can I feel less stressed?

- Keep connected with people who support you. Talk with your family, friends, and supporters.
- Try and stay busy. If you can stay active, that might make you take your mind off things you are worried about.
- Get some exercise. Moving your body can help you feel better and help you sleep.
- Do something for someone else. Sometimes helping someone else can make you feel better.
- Use mediation or mindfulness to help make yourself feel calm
- Practice deep breathing
- Accept that you cannot always change things and make a plan for the future.

What if I need more help with my mental health?

- Talk to your Doctor about therapy or medication.
- Find a therapist to talk to about how you are feeling
- Take medication to help with how you are feeling



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How To Avoid Getting Sick



Do not touch your face



Do not shake hands



Wash hands for 20 seconds



Do not share food or drinks



Stay away from people who are sick



Use hand sanitizer when you can't wash your hands.



Clean objects and surfaces to get rid of germs.



Get your vaccinations.

Preparing to see the Doctor

What I need to know when I visit the Doctor?

Going to the Doctor on a regular basis is an important part of staying healthy. Some people need to see their doctor a lot and others only see their doctor once a year. No matter how often you have to go it is important to know how to advocate for yourself at your appointment.

Reasons to go to the Doctor:

- General checkup to stay healthy
- Feeling sick but do not know why
- To be treated for an illness, injury, or a chronic health problem

Setting up my appointment with the Doctor:

- Call the Doctor's office to make an appointment.
- Tell the receptionist your doctor's name.
- Share the reason you want to see the Doctor.
- The receptionist will suggest a date and time.
- If you can go in at that time, tell them that is a good time and write down the date and time.
- If you cannot go at that time, ask for another appointment time or date.
- Make transportation arrangements for getting to the Doctor.
- You may want to make a list of questions to ask the Doctor.



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About me

Complete this form and take it with you the first time you visit your doctor.

Hello	My name is	I like to	be called
communicate. It is imp	portant that you see me as a p	understand how my disability affecterson first and that you treat me like with you and can help me follow up	te all of your other patients
Insurance MA#			
The person with me is	erson is		
Family member(s)		Personal Care Attendant	
Job coach		Neighbor	
Guardian		Interpretor	
Case Manager		Other	
I am working: My job is: Hours a week:			
My allergies include	e:		
Medicine			
Other (latex, etc.)			
	know about how my disabil	lity affects me:	

I walk unaided	
I walk slowly or with a walker	
I use a wheelchair	
I need help to get on the exam table	
I need to be lifted onto the exam table	
I would like to be examined in my chair	
Other	

Communication:

I can speak for myself. Please, try to listen	
I cannot speak	
I am deaf/hard of hearing	
My companion can help you understand	



I can communicate through:

Computer/ other communication device	
Pictures	
I have information written down	
Sign language	

Understanding:

I can understand what you say to me	
I like simple terms and step by step directions	
I rely on the person with me to understand the details of what you tell me	

My living Situation:

My own home/ apartment	
Supported living environment	
My family home	
In a group home	
Other	

Things I rely on others to help me with are:

Personal cares	
Filling prescriptions	
Taking medications	
Preparing meals	
Transportation	
Other	

MEDICATIONS I AM CURRENTLY TAKING:				
Medicine	Directions/ dosage	Purpose	Prescribed by	Date Started

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Health History

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Complete this form and file in the kit. This will help establish a medical history and help you prepare for future health care visits.

VISICS:	
Name	Age/Birth Date
Address	City/State/Zip
Phone	Primary Support Person's phone number
Primary Care Physician	Clinic
MA/Insurance numbers	

Doctors I have seen in the last two years:	
Name	Reason

I am being or have been treated for:				
Condition	Current (Check box/line)	Date Diagnosed		
High/Low Blood Pressure				
Diabetes				
Seizures				
Arthritis				
Depression/Anxiety				
Bladder infection				
Constipation/Diarrhea				
Stomach problems				
Breathing problems				
Heart Problems				
Cancer				
Other				

My allergies:		
Foods	Medications	Other

My immunization records:			
Immunization Date Immunization Date			

My family health history:			
Family member	Diagnosis and date	Diagnosis and date	Diagnosis and date
Mother			
Father			
Brother			
Sister			

My medication history:					
Medicine	Directions/dosage	Purpose	Prescribed by	Date started	Date stopped

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Helpful Tips

Patients who ask questions and take an active role:

are happier with their care

make better
decisions about their
own health care

see more improvement with their health than those that don't

Preparing for your appointment:

- Ask someone to go to your appointment with you to help you understand and remember answers to your questions.
- Fill out the health form that includes any current conditions, past surgeries or illnesses and bring to your appointment. Fill the form out the best you can and include your family's medical history and your current medication list.
- Bring questions to your appointment about your health. Ask the important ones first. Let the nurse and staff know that you have brought questions.
- Being able to understand what the doctor says is important. Take notes and/or have the person with you take notes. If you don't understand tell the doctor or nurse and ask them to repeat it or write it down for you.
- When you are told next steps ask the doctor or nurse to write it down for you. Ask questions if you don't understand what the doctor or nurse has told you.
- Use the Summary of Visit form (Light Blue)
- Often the office will give you a print out of what happened at the appointment. Be sure to ask for a copy of the of that sheet and make sure your next appointments are listed on the sheet.

You also may need to follow-up with your health care practitioner:

- If you are experiencing any side effects from treatment, test, surgery and/or medication
- If your symptoms get worse
- To get results of the tests and/or questions about the test results.



Copy this on White paper



This tool can help you call your docotor to get an appointment

THINGS TO HAVE READY:

- Calendar
- · Your insurance card
- · Doctor's name

CALL (SCRIPT)

- Doctor's phone number
- Your address and phone number
- Your Date of Birth (DOB)

CALL (SCRIPT).	
Hello my name is	
I would like to schedule an appointment with	
The reason I am calling is because	
What dates and times are available?	
How long is my appointment for?	
Can I get extra time for my appointment?	
I need extra time because:	
REPEAT BACK:	
Ok, so my appointment is with	on

Copy this on White paper

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How to Use Health Apps

On An IPhone

- 1. Open the Health app and tap the Summary tab.
- 2. Tap your profile picture in the upper-right corner.
- 3. Under your profile picture, tap Medical ID.
- 4. Tap Edit in the upper-right corner.
- 5. To make your Medical ID available from the Lock screen on your iPhone, turn on Show When Locked. In an emergency, this gives information to people who want to help. To share your Medical ID with emergency responders, turn on Share During Emergency Call. When you make a call or send a text to emergency services on your iPhone or Apple Watch, your Medical ID will automatically be shared with emergency services.
- 6. Enter health information like your date of birth, allergies, and blood type.
- 7. Tap Done.





On An Android

- 1. Download the app Medical ID (Free)
- 2. Allow Medical ID to access your device's location and to make and manage phone calls. This is so you can be found in case of emergency, you can find nearby hospitals, and your emergency contacts can be called through this app.
- 3. Add your name, photo, and all the information you would want others to know about your health like your blood type, height, weight, if you are an organ donor, medical conditions, allergies & reactions, medications, and medical notes.
- 4. Enter your emergency contact's name in your medical notes, the app will find their contact information.
- 5. Tap the check mark in the upper right corner to finish your profile.
- 6. In your Settings, tap on "Lock screen." Turn lock screen on. It's important to do this so your info can be viewed in case of an emergency. There are three different options for displaying your Medical ID. Choose the one that you like best.

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STAY SAFE



There are lots of things you can do to stay safe where you live, work, and go. This section will help you learn about safety in your home and in the community, how to ask for help if something happens to you, and where to find more resources about safety.

You can call your care manager or IRIS consultant immediately to ask for additional supports if you feel
you need them. The number for your care manager or IRIS consultant should be with your member
handbook participant handbook or participant guide.



 You can call your Aging and Disability Resource Center (ADRC) to get more information about resources if your situation has changed. You can find the number for your area's ADRC here:

https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/adrc/consumer/in dex.htm

- You can call 2-1-1 for additional resources that might be in your area like housing and food assistance. You can also text COVID19 to 211- 211 or visit 211wisconsin.org
- If you are having a mental health crisis, you can call your county's crisis line. The numbers are here: https://www.preventsuicidewi.org/county-crisis-lines. You can also call the Disaster Distress Helpline: 1-800-985-5990 or text TalkWithUs to 66746. If it is an emergency, call 911

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You Have Rights

Everybody has certain rights that cannot be taken away from them. These are called human rights. You also have rights as a person who lives in the United States of America. If you are in long-term care, you have rights that have to do with the services and supports you get through your Managed Care Organization or IRIS Consultant Agency. Here are just a few examples of your rights:

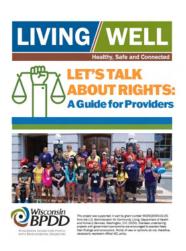
- You have the right to be safe in your home.
- You have the right to be free from abuse and neglect.
- You have the right to the services and supports you need to stay healthy and safe.
- You have the right to tell your care manager or IRIS consultant if you are unhappy with a service or think you need a change to your services.



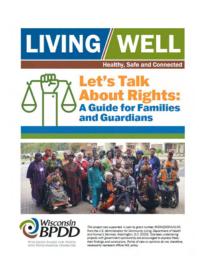
- You have the right to get help from your doctor or hospital and they cannot refuse care because of your disability.
- You have the right to friends and to be involved in your community.

If any of these rights are being taken away or you don't feel that you are able to be safe with the supports and services you have right now, **call or email your care manager or IRIS consultant and ask them what changes can be made**. If you do not have a care manager or IRIS consultant, or if you have not heard from them for more than 24 hours after reaching out, there are other options available to get help.

Click on the pdf links below for our Let's Talk about Rights Toolkits for Providers, Self-Advocates and Families.Or visit www.wibpdd.org to download them from our website.







Provider Self-Advocate Family/Guardian

How to Recognize and Report Abuse

Recognize Abuse and Neglect

People with disabilities experience higher rates of domestic violence, sexual assault, and abuse. Violence, assault, and abuse against people with disabilities can often look different than other kinds of abuse or domestic violence.

There are different kinds of abuse and neglect. Here are some examples:

- Physical Abuse Hitting, pushing, shoving
- Emotional Abuse Calling you fat, ugly, the R-word. Saying things like "nobody will ever want to be with you", or posting photos or other items that are hurtful to you
- Sexual Abuse Touching body and private areas when you don't want to be touched
- Financial Abuse -Taking your money and using it for themselves
- Neglect Leaving you alone when they are not supposed to leave; Not addressing an unsafe home like not having heat, electricity, or running water; Your needs are not being addressed, like bathing, bathroom, getting dressed, eating, exercise.

Report Abuse and Neglect

People with disabilities experience many kinds of abuse. This can be physical, sexual or mental abuse or financial abuse.

If you are a person with a disability experiencing abuse:	If you are witnessing or hearing about abuse from a person with a disability:			
Tell one or more trusted adults who can help you figure out how to report.	Tell one or more of the agencies that work with the person. They can help with the report.			
Call your local police department – 911, if you are in immediate need of help or danger.	Call your local police department – 911, if you are in immediate need of help or danger.			
3. Call Adult Protective Services – Every County has this help available. 3. Call Adult Protective Services – Every County has this help available.				
You can ask a person you trust to help you report. If the agency you report to isn't helpful, there are further resources listed in this toolkit who may be able to help.				



Use the next page in this booklet to make a plan of action when you need to make a report and then track your call on the call log. You can make copies of the pages or find this booklet online at:

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My Plan of Action

1	Who am I going to talk to first?	
	A person I trust. Their name is: The Police Department Adult Protective Services (APS)	
2	Will I talk to them face to face or	Their number is:
3	 What am I going to say? Who did it happen to? Who was the person who did it? 	
	 What happened? When did it happen? Where did it happen? Was there someone else there? 	
4	 Is there anything else that I want say? What do I want to happen next? Keep myself safe Leave the situation Have someone check on Learn more about my rights 	Work with an advocate Learn to protect myself Get someone new to support me regularly
	Something else:	

My Call Log

(Make copies of this page if you need to more places to write down your calls)

9	CALL #
	Who did I call?
	When did I call?What Day? (Month/Day/Year) (//)What time?
	Did I speak to someone or leave a message?
	• I talked to someone. Who did I speak to? (Name, job title, location)
	I left a message. Who did I leave a message with? (Name, job title, location)
	What did they say?
	Tip: If you left a message, plan to call back the next day.
A	What's Next? (Will they follow up? Is there another person to call?)

Tip: If you talk to someone, ask them what the next step is.

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My Safe Home Plan

You have the right to be safe in your home. Being safe in your home means having access to the spaces in your home that you use, having the things you need, and having the supports you need available to you. Use this plan to make sure your home has all these things or make a plan if you don't have them. If you need help with your plan, ask someone you trust or your Care Manager or IRIS Consultant to help you make your plan.

Is Your Home Safe?

Put an X by the things you have:				
I have food to eat.				
I have the medicine I need.				
I have things to stay clean li	I have things to stay clean like shampoo, soap, and toilet paper.			
I have heat, electricity and r	I have heat, electricity and running water.			
I have the services and sup	ports I need when I need them.			
I can move around and use	the things I need at home (or h	ave help to).		
I have help from other peop	le if my family or caregivers car	i't help me.		
I have a way to call for help.				
If your home is safe: Keep doing what you are doing. You should go through this plan again in 6 months or a year to make sure things haven't changed OR if you move, you should go through the plan in your new home. If your home is not safe: Call your emergency contact, Care Manager or IRIS Consultant. Write the name, phone, and email below for the people who can help you get the supports and services you need. If you are having an emergency: Call 911. Examples of when to call 911 are: a fire in your home, someone is being hurt, someone is hurting you, someone needs medical help, or someone is trying to break-in to your home.				
Emergency Contact #1	Emergency Contact #2	Care Manager/IRIS Consultant		
Name: Phone: Email:	Name: Phone: Email:	Name: Phone: Email:		
If you are barried wealth and the	44.	IDIC		

If you are having problems getting support from your care manager or IRIS consultant, you can call the Ombudsman. They can help people who are having problems with long-term care programs. They are NOT a place to call in a crisis or emergency.

More to Think About for Your Plan:

Here are some more things to ask yourself before creating your plan:

- 1. How has my day changed? What do I want to do now?
- 2. Do I have to keep going to work? What will happen if I can't go to work? Can I get another job?
- 3. Where am I going to get food? Do I need someone to help me?
- 4. How can I get my medicine or medical supplies? Can they be delivered to me?
- 5. How can I connect to people from home? Do I have a computer, phone, or iPad? Can my care manager, IRIS consultant, or someone else help me get these?
- 6. What do I do if my caregiver or family member who helps me gets sick? Is there someone else to help me if they can't?
- 7. Are any of my rights being restricted? Who is doing it? How have I been involved in the process? What are my options for discussing my rights?

What I Need & The People Who Will Help

My Food and Shopping Plan:	My Health and Medical Plan:
My Work and/or Activity Plan:	My Staying Connected to People Plan:
My Back-Up Support Plan:	My Emergency Plan:

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Help By County

Adams County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m.- 4 p.m. Daytime Phone: 608-339-4505 or Toll Free:

888-830-3454

After Hours Phone: 608-339-3304

Ashland County

Daytime Hours: 7:30 a.m. - 5 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-682-7004 After Hours Phone: 715-682-7023

Barron County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m.- 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-537-5691 After Hours Phone: 888-552-6642 or 715-537-3106 if emergency

Bayfield County

Daytime Hours: M, W, Th, F: 8 a.m- 4 p.m. Tu: 7:30 a.m. - 6:00 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-373-6144 After Hours Phone: 911

Brown County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 920-448-7885 After Hours Phone: 920-436-8888

Buffalo County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.
Daytime Phone: 608-685-4412]After
Hours Phone: 608-685-4433

Burnett County

Daytime Hours: 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-349-7600

Calumet County

M - F Hours: 24 Hours M - F Phone: 920-849-1400

Weekend Hours Phone: 920-849-9317

Chippewa County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-726-7788 After Hours Phone: same

Clark County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-743-5233 After Hours Phone: 715-743-3157

Columbia County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 608-742-9233 or

Toll Free 888-742-9233

After Hours Phone: 608-742-4166

Crawford County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 608-326-0248 After Hours Phone: 608-326-8414

Dane County

Daytime Hours: 7:45 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 608-261-9933 After Hours Phone: 608-255-6067

Dodge County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 920-386-3580 After Hours Phone: 888-552-6642

Door County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 920-746-7155

then press #2

Toll Free: 888-743-1844, ext 7155 then press #2

After Hours Phone: 920-746-2400

Douglas County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-395-1304

After Hours Phone: 911

Dunn County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-232-4006

After Hours Phone: 911

Eau Claire County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 5 p.m.
Daytime Phone: 715-839-7118
After Hours Phone: 715-839-4972

Florence County

Daytime Hours: 8:30 a.m. - 4 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-528-3296 Toll Free: 888-452-3296

After Hours Phone: 715-528-3346

Fond du Lac County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 888-435-7335 After Hours Phone: 920-929-3466

Forest County

Daytime Hours: 8:30 a.m. -4:30 p.m Daytime Phone: 715-478-7709 After Hours Phone: 715-478-3331

Grant County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 608-723-2136 After Hours Phone: 608-723-2157

Green County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 5 p.m. Daytime Phone: 608-328-9393 After Hours Phone: 888-552-6642

Green Lake County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.
Daytime Phone: 877-883-5378 After
Hours Phone: 920-294-4000

Help By County

Iowa County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 608-930-9835 After Hours Phone: 608-935-3314

Iron County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-561-3636 After Hours Phone: 715-561-3800

Jackson County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 1-844-493-4245 After Hours Phone: 800-500-3910

Jefferson County

Hours: 24 Hours Phone: 920-674-3105

Juneau County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 608-847-2400 After Hours Phone: 608-847-6161

Kenosha County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 5 p.m.
Daytime Phone: 262-605-6646

Toll Free: 800-472-8008

After Hours Phone: 262-657-7188

Kewaunee County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 920-388-0626 After Hours Phone: 920-388-3100

La Crosse County

Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Phone: 608-785-5700 After Hours Phone: 911

Lafayette County

Hours: 8 a.m.- 4:30 p.m. Phone: 608-776-4960

After Hours Phone: 608-776-4848

Langlade County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. 24 Hour Phone: 715-841-5160 Toll Free: 855-487-3338

Lincoln County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. 24 Hour Phone: 715-841-5160 Toll Free: 855-487-3338

Manitowoc County

Hours: 24 Hours

Daytime Phone: 920-683-4230 After Hours Phone: 888-552-6642

Marathon County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. 24 Hour Phone: 715-841-5160 Toll Free: 855-487-3338

Marinette County

Daytime Hours: 8:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-732-3850 After Hours Phone: 715-732-7600

Marquette County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 608-297-3124 After Hours Phone: 608-297-2115

Menominee County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-799-3861 After Hours Phone: Same

Milwaukee County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 414-289-6660

Elder/Aging Abuse Unit:

414-289-6874

After Hours Phone: Same

Monroe County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.
Daytime Phone: 608-269-8600 After
Hours Phone: 888-552-6642

Oconto County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4 p.m.
Daytime Phone: 920-834-7000
After Hours Phone: 920-834-6900

Oneida County

Hours: 24 Hours Phone: 715-362-5695 Toll Free: 888-662-5695

Outagamie County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 5 p.m. Daytime Phone: 920-832-4646 After Hours Phone: Same

Ozaukee County

Daytime Hours: 8:30 a.m. - 5 p.m. Daytime Phone: 262-284-8200 After Hours Phone: 911

Pepin County

Daytime Hours: 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-672-8941 After Hours Phone: 715-672-5944

Pierce County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-273-6770 After Hours Phone: 715-273-5051

Polk County

Daytime Hours: 8:30 a.m.- 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-485-8400 After Hours Phone: 715-485-8300

Help By County

Portage County

Daytime Hours: Monday: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m., Tuesday: 8 a.m.-6 p.m., Wednesday: 8 a.m. -5 p.m., Thursday: 8 a.m.-4:30 p.m., and Friday: 8 a.m.-3 p.m.

Daytime Phone: 715-345-5350 After Hours Phone: 866-317-9362

Price County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-339-2158 After Hours Phone: 715-339-3011

Racine County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 262-833-8777 After Hours Phone: 262-638-6741

Richland County

Daytime Hours: 8:30 a.m. - 5 p.m. Daytime Phone: 608-647-8821 After Hours Phone: 608-647-2106

Rock County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 608-741-3600 After Hours Phone: 608-741-3600

Rusk County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.
Daytime Phone: 715-532-2299 After
Hours Phone: 715-532-2200

Sauk County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 608-355-4200 After Hours Phone: 800-533-5692

Sawyer County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 5:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-634-4806 Toll Free: 800-569-4162

After Hours Phone: 715-634-5213

Shawano County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-526-4700 After Hours Phone: 888-238-3253

Sheboygan County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m.- 5 p.m.
Daytime Phone: 920-467-4100
After Hours Phone: 920-549-3111

St. Croix County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 5 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-246-8255 After Hours Phone: 911

Taylor County

Daytime Hours: 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-748-3332 After Hours Phone: 715-748-2200

Trempealeau County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-538-2311 x 290 After Hours Phone: 715-538-4351

Vernon County

Hours: 8:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 608-637-5210 After Hours Phone: 911

Vilas County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4 p.m.
Daytime Phone: 715-479-3668
After Hours Phone: 715-479-4441

Walworth County

Hours: 24 Hours Phone: 262-741-3200

Washburn County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. –
Noon, 1 p.m. - 4:30 p.m.
Daytime Phone: 715-468-4747
After Hours Phone: 715-468-4720

Washington County

Daytime Hours: 7 a.m. - 5:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 262-365-5757 After Hours Phone: 262-365-6565

Waukesha County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 262-548-7848 After Hours Phone: 211 (impact) or

262-547-3388

Waupaca County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 715-258-6400 After Hours Phone: 800-719-4418 or

911 for emergencies

Waushara County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Daytime Phone: 920-787-6505 After Hours Phone: 877-883-5378

Winnebago County

Daytime Hours: 8 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Toll Free: 877-886-2372 After Hours Crisis Hotline: Oshkosh: 920-233-7707 or 911 Neenah: 920-722-7707 or 911

Wood County

Daytime Hours: $8\ a.m.$ - $4:30\ p.m.$

Daytime Phone:

Marshfield: 715-421-2345 WI Rapids: 715-384-5555 After Hours Phone: Same

Other Resources

Disability Rights Wisconsin

Disability Rights Wisconsin helps people with disabilities in Wisconsin. DRW is the Family Care and IRIS Ombudsman and can help people who are have problems with these long-term care programs. They help people from age 18-59 who are in Family Care, Family Care Partnership, or IRIS. They can help with:

- Answer questions or provide information on your rights including rights to medical care
- Look for ways to stop issues you have by working with your Managed Care Organizations or IRIS
 agencies
- Help you advocate for yourself
- Assist in filing complaints for formal appeals and grievances

DRW can also help look into abuse and neglect of people with disabilities of any age, even if you aren't using Family Care or IRIS. DRW is NOT a place to call in a crisis or emergency. You should call 911 if there is an emergency. If you have been abused or are neglected, you should contact the County Adult Protective Services or children's protective services unit or the police.

You can call DRW at 1-800-928-8778.

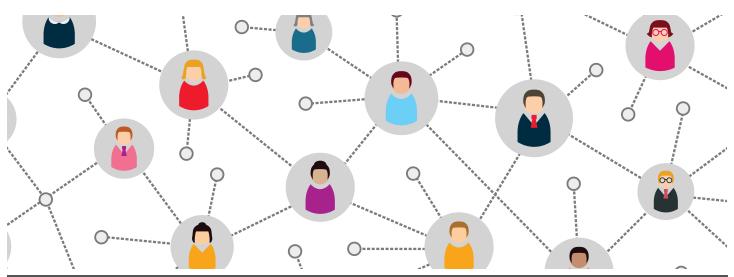
Board on Aging and Long-Term Care

The Board on Aging and Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program helps people age 60 and older who use long-term care services. The Ombudsman Program can help people living in a Wisconsin nursing home, Community Based Residential Facility (CBRF), Residential Care Apartment Complex (RCAC), Adult Family Home (AFH), or person served Family Care or IRIS programs.

Some of the services included are:

- Complaints regarding long-term care services
- Resolve issues regarding long-term care services
- Provide information and education on resident rights, restraints, and abuse reporting and prevention

Your regional Ombudsman can be reached by calling the confidential, toll-free line at **1-800-815-0015**.



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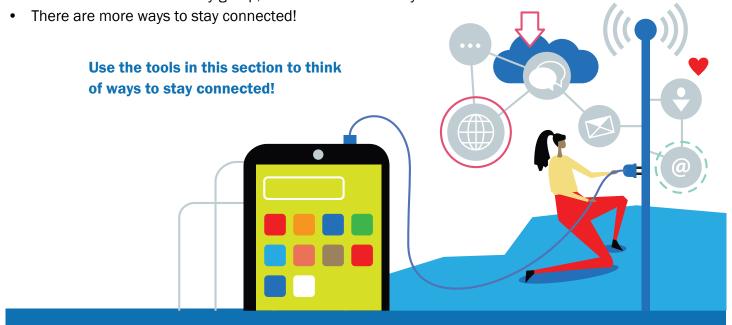
STAY CONNECTED



How Can I Stay Connected?

Connections with other people is an important part of life. Good friends can make you happier and healthier. This section of the toolkit will give you ways to grow your community connections. Here are some examples of ways you can connect with people both in person and with technology:

- Schedule a meal or activity together with a friend. You can take a walk in the park, go to a movie, or get coffee together.
- Schedule regular phone chats, facetime calls, Zoom or Skype dates to connect with people in your life.
- If you and a friend have the same streaming subscription you can watch a movie together.
- Join a church or community group, club or association in your town.



Map Your Relationships

A good place to start is to make a map of the connections you have. A relationship map can help you see:

- The people and places in your life now.
- Where you have strong connections.
- If you lack connections in a specific area.
- · People who can help you make more connections.
- Places where you can make more connections.

Do not worry about coming up with the "right" people and places. At this point you are coming up with ideas. Just write down all connections you have.

Here are some things to think about while you are doing your map:

Skills and Interests: Write down your skills and interest areas. Add names of people you know who share those same things. Also write down places where people with those same skills and interests go.

Community Affiliations: List people and places you are connected to. These are things like churches, clubs, and groups you, or the people you know, belong to.

Places, Work, Learning: List the places you go to and the people you know there. Also list places you have worked and places you have learned (like schools or training).

Skills, Community Affiliations

Places, Work, Learning

(Invitation and Networking Map Cindy Kernan with Dave and Faye Wetherow)

Use the next page to create your own relationship map!



Additional Resource

Check out "Friends: Connecting People with Disabilities and Community Members" manual and worksheets by Angela Amado: https://ici.umn.edu/products/579

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My Relationship Map

HELPFUL TIP

Use this page to write down the people and places you are connected. Then answer the questions based on your map.



My Relationship Map

What people and activities do I want to stay connected to?
What people or activities do I want to get reconnected with?
What places or people on this list can help me make more connections?

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Find New Opportunities

All communities, big and small, have a lot of activities and group. Here are some ideas of ways to find new things to do:

- 1. Talk to everyone you know. Tell them that you are looking for new things to do and people to meet. Ask if they have ideas for you.
- 2. Call your library. People at the library have a lot of information about events, groups and resources.
- 3. Look at Facebook. You can find events in your area or join online groups who share the same interests as you.
- Find bulletin boards. You will find events and groups on bulletin boards in coffee shops, grocery stores, city hall, and colleges.
- 5. Contact your city or town government. Call someone at the town hall, the recreation office, or look at your town's website for events.
- 6. Look in the newspaper. Your town might have free newspapers that list upcoming events, classes, and groups.
- 7. Contact your neighborhood association. Some places have neighborhood associations. These people know a lot about activities and groups in your area.
- 8. Connect with a service provider. Agencies support people with disabilities to volunteer and get connected to other people.
- 9. Check out this Building Full Lives video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=C027NQhMJN0
- 10. Contact the Aging and Disability Resource Center (ADRC). ADRC's have a lot of information about resources in the county.
- 11. Contact United Way. United Way can tell you about volunteer opportunities. They have a website called Volunteer Wisconsin (www.volunteerwisconsin.org)

How to Get There

Do you need a ride to do the things you want to do? Think about these transportation options:



- Find things you can walk or ride your bike to.
- Ride the bus mobility trainers can help you learn to ride the bus.
- Share a ride Find out if anyone you know is traveling in the same direction or willing to give you a ride.
- Take a low-fare taxi some taxis charge people with disabilities less for rides
- Get a driver's license People with disabilities can get extra support and accommodations for driver's classes and testing.
- Specialized transportation this is paid for through Family Care or IRIS

Connect with Technology

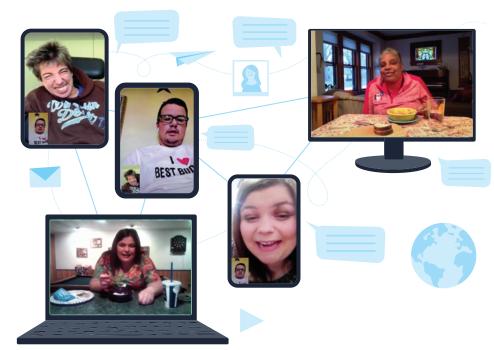
The COVID-19 pandemic taught us how to use technology better to stay connected. Zoom, Google Meet Ups, and Facebook are still great ways to connect, visit with people, go classes, go to church, and work. Many agencies offer virtual services to people with disabilities. Ask your service provider, Care Manager or IRIS Consultant what your options are.

When you use the Internet, you should follow these top five tips to keep your information safe:

- 1. Keep your information private when you are on a website do not type in your bank information, full birthday, or social security number.
- 2. Do not share your passwords or answers to password hints.
- 3. Use strong passwords by using letters, numbers and characters (!? # \$ and more)
- 4. Lock your phone, tablet or computer with a PIN, fingerprint lock or password.
- 5. Be careful about Wi-Fi. Do not use public Wi-Fi networks that do not have a passwords to log in. Cybercriminals (people who steal information over Wi-Fi) can hack into devices that are connected to open Wi-Fi.

If you are connecting with people over social media like Facebook or Instagram, be sure to follow these top five safety tips:

- Do not give out your phone number, address or personal information to people who you do not know really well.
- Think before you post.
 Everything you post can be shared by others. Even if you try to delete a post it can show up again.
- Block people who bother you.
 All social media sites let you do this.
- Do not share private pictures or videos. There is no guarantee it won't be shared with someone else.



Learn to spot fake profiles. There are people who use fake profiles to pretend to be someone they are
not. They do this to trick people into giving personal information or meeting up. These people are not
safe. Ask someone you trust for help if you spot a fake profile.

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Activities to Try

People find things to do and people to meet in many ways. Some ways to meet people are:

At work Taking classes

Volunteering and helping others Through hobbies

Going to church Fitness centers and classes

Use the chart below to come up with things you want to do. Put a check mark by the ones you want to do and write in other things you would like to do. You can ask people in your life to help you come up with ideas.

Activities to Try

Interest Area	Activities to Try (These are examples)	
Career	Explore different types of jobs Find a job developer who can help me find a job Ask for more hours or get another job My ideas:	
Learning & Classes	Learn to dance Visit museums Take a budgeting class Learn how to ride the bus My ideas:	
Fun & Recreation	Go to a festival Go camping Have a party with friends Play bingo at the community center My ideas:	

Health & Exercise	 Walk in my neighborhood every day Join the YMCA Train for a 5k running race My ideas:
Hobbies	 □ Scrapbooking □ Collecting comic books □ Play board games with friends □ My ideas:
Religion & Spirituality	Learn to meditate Find a new church Join a prayer group My ideas:
Helping Others	 □ Volunteer □ Mow a yard □ Walk the neighbor's dog □ My ideas:
Food & Nutrition	 □ Take a cooking class □ Invite a friend over for dinner once a week □ Go to the Farmer's Market □ Plant at garden at the Community Gardens □ My ideas:

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My Stay Connected Plan

Interest Area	What things I would like to do:	Where I can learn more about this:	People who can help me:	How will I get there:
Career				
Learning & Classes				
Fun & Recreation				
Health & Exercise				
Hobbies				
Religion & Spirituality				
Helping Others				
Food & Nutrition				

My Stay Connected Plan Notes

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Ways to Share Ideas With Others

People are learning new ways to stay busy, productive, and connected every day! We want to hear about the things you are finding or the creative ways you are connecting with others. We want to share more of what you are finding on our social media!



Words To Know

Connected: means having people in your life that care about you.

Unemployment benefits: money people get from the government if their employer closed or moved their business or did not have enough for them to do.

Ombudsman: an agency that helps people when they have problems with their services and supports.

Social Media: websites where anyone can post information, pictures, or videos, like websites called YouTube, Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, Reddit, and more.

Virtual: seeing or doing something over a computer, smart phone or tablet instead of being there in person.

Zoom and Skype: programs you can use on a computer, phone or tablet to see people on video while you talk to them.

Resources: information or services that might help you.

Wisconsin Department of Health Services: a state agency that gives health information and services to people in Wisconsin, including people with disabilities.

Centers for Disease Control: a national agency that gives health information to people.

IRIS Consultant: the staff person who helps you make your service plan if you choose the IRIS program for your long-term care services.

Care Manager: the staff person who helps you make your service plan if you choose the Family Care program for your long-term care services.

Adult Protective Services: an agency that helps people with disabilities if they are being abused or not being taken care of.

Interpreter: a person who helps people who speak a different language or use sign language communicate with people who do not speak the same language or use sign language.

Essential Worker: a person who works at a business that can keep working if the government decides people need to stay at home because of the coronavirus.

Disability Rights Wisconsin: a state agency that helps people with disabilities advocate for what they need.

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