Be the Change You Want to See: Staff as Change Agents

Genni Sasnett, SME

2018 WI EMPLOYMENT FIRST CONFERENCE

Continuing On: Strengthening Partnerships for Community

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Introduction – Your Presenter

Genni Sasnett

Former COO of St. John's Community Services

Subject Matter Expert for the Office of Disability Employment Policy (ODEP), the Institute for Community Inclusion, U Mass Boston (ICI) and other Public and Private Agencies



Its been a long time coming......



Public Law 94-142

"least restrictive environment"

Deinstitutionalization

"in" though not yet "of" the community

1970s



Medicaid Waiver Programs Established

"Supporting community-based services"

Supported Employment Expands

"Place & train"



ADA

"Civil Rights Legislation"

OLMSTEAD DECISION

"Reinforcing ADA"

1990s



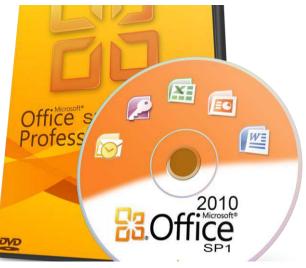




Customized Employment

"making employment a reality for all"





2010s

CMS Settings Rule

"full access to the greater community"

Dept. of Justice Actions

"remedying failure to provide access"

WIOA

"potential for significant advancement in competitive integrated employment"



2019 - Recent Noteworthy Bills in Congress

Transformation to Competitive Employment Act (HR 873 / S. 260)

A bipartisan and bicameral bill which aims to support states to transition away from sheltered employment, the use of 14(c) certificates, and subminimum wage.



"Raise the Wage" Bill Introduced in Congress

Includes Increase in Minimum Wage & End to Subminimum Wage

The Raise the Wage Act would:

- Gradually raise the federal minimum wage from \$7.25 to \$15 over six years
- Index future increases in the federal minimum wage to median wage growth
- Guarantees tipped workers are paid at least the full federal minimum wage
- Guarantees teen workers are paid at least the full federal minimum wage
- End subminimum wage certificates for individuals with disabilities to provide opportunities for individuals

Subminimum Wage and 14(c) 11 States Introducing Legislation:

- ✓ MT (<u>HB588</u>) Prohibits subminimum wages for workers with disabilities
- ✓ IL (<u>HB3340</u>) Develop plan to phase out subminimum wage for workers with disabilities by 2024
- ✓ NC (HB 366) Raises wages over 5 years and ends subminimum for workers with disabilities
- ✓ CT (H6739) Prohibits employers from paying workers with disabilities less than state minimum wage
- ✓ NY (S4018) Eliminates exemptions for workers with disabilities from state minimum wage
- √ KY (SB76) Phase out of sheltered workshops and 14(c) certificates by 2021

- ✓ OR (HB2313) Elimination of subminimum wage & tax credits
- √ HI (SB349; SB789 SD2/HB1191 HD1) Elimination of subminimum wage; tax credit to offset increase in wages (House bill includes language related to workers with disabilities)
- ✓ WV (HB2902/S659) Establish an E1 taskforce and elimination of subminimum wage
- ✓ WA (SB 5753/HB 1706) Elimination of subminimum wage
- √ NV City of Reno (A-15) Elimination of subminimum wage in Reno



These States Have Legislation Banning or Phasing Out Sub-Minimum Wages

- Alaska eliminated subminimum wage through a regulatory change that went into effect on February 16, 2018.
- Maryland HB 420 / SB 417 became law in May 2016 phasing out special wage certificates.
- New Hampshire SB 47 passed in May 2015 banning employers from paying workers with disabilities less than the minimum wage
- Vermont Vermont began moving toward integrated employment in the early 1980s. It closed its last sheltered workshop in 2002.
- The city of Seattle, WA passed <u>CB 119220</u>, removing the authority to pay subminimum wage. Washington state allows subminimum wage.
- The city of Reno, NV has passed resolution <u>D. 1</u>, that prohibits the payment of subminimum wages.

- Laws have been changing
- Expectations have been changing
- Our work has been changing
- No surprises here!

When the winds of change blow, some people build walls and others build windmills.

~Chinese proverb

UnshakeableBelief.com

Laws Precede Culture Change

- Laws aren't the only thing required to make real change
- Changes in culture can be slow and can go forward and then regress
- Culture change has to be pursued persistently



Civil Rights Act of 1964 (55 Years ago)

Outlaws discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, or national origin. It prohibits unequal application of voter registration requirements, and racial segregation in schools, employment, and public accommodations



Employment Specifically Cited

The act barred race, religious, national origin and gender discrimination by *employers* and labor unions, and created an <u>Equal Employment</u>

<u>Opportunity Commission</u> with the power to file lawsuits on behalf of aggrieved workers.



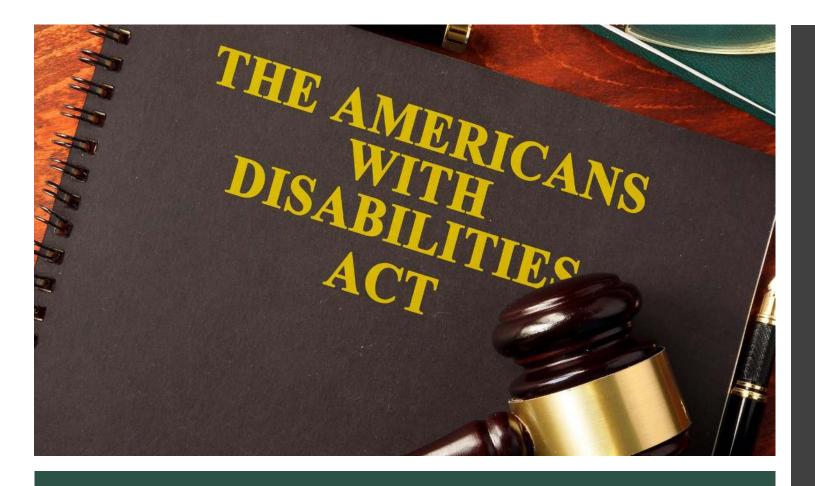


1920 19th Constitutional Amendment A Woman's Right to Vote (100 years ago)

Women get the right to vote for the first time







ADA

Made it a violation of federal law to discriminate against people with disabilities, just as civil rights laws protect people against discrimination on the basis of race, gender, national origin, and religion. Four titles: Employment, State and Local Government, Public Accommodations, a Telecommunications, Miscellaneous Provisions

Title I

Employment



Helps people with disabilities access the same employment opportunities and benefits available to people without disabilities.



Applies to employers with 15 or more employees.



Requires employers to provide reasonable accommodations to qualified applicants or employees.



Regulated and enforced by the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.

Title III

Public
Accommodations
and Services
Operated by
Private Entities



Prohibits places of public accommodation from discriminating against individuals with disabilities. Sets the minimum standards for accessibility for alterations and new construction of commercial facilities and privately owned public accommodations.



Directs businesses to make "reasonable modifications" to their usual ways of doing things when serving people with disabilities.



Requires that businesses take steps necessary to communicate effectively with customers with vision, hearing, and speech disabilities.



Regulated and enforced by the U.S. Department of Justice.



Recognize How Employment First Fits In a Civil Rights Movement

Work has an equalizing effect

Familiarity breeds acceptance

Seeing productivity changes perceptions

Economic parity is empowering

Laws/rules often precede practice

Cultural change occurs over time



Implications for Service Provision for Agencies

Competitive integrated employment as a priority.

Meaningful community engagement as an imperative.

Change in the way we operate is inevitable.

How we see our work and our jobs not the same.

What Can You Do?

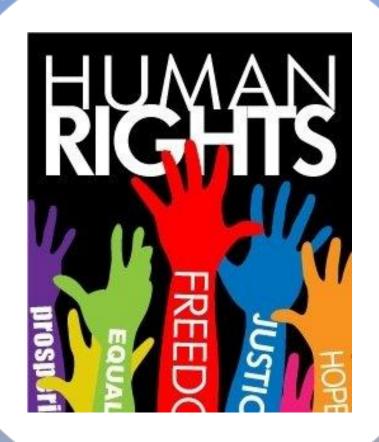


Begin to See Your Role Differently

More than a job – it's a *movement*.

Inspired staff make things happen, no matter what.

Direct Support Professionals are change agents.



Have expectations of people – don't judge, ruling out opportunity

Have employment as a goal for all, have the expectation and provide the preparation

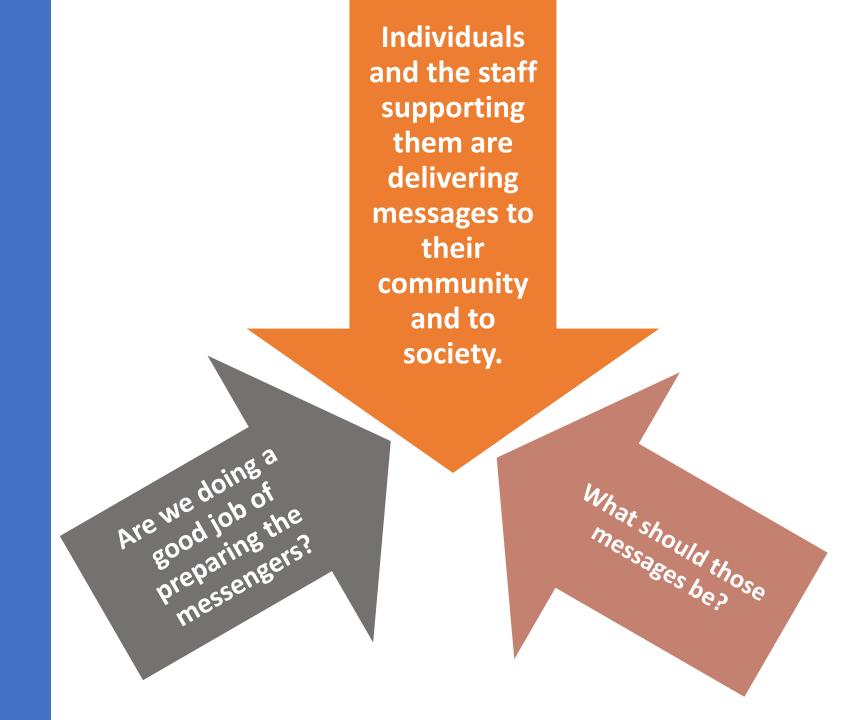
Any service can be used to support a pathway to employment

Understand
that cultural
change
occurs slowly
and begins
with changes
in
entrenched
perceptions

Changes in perception occur with changes in experience or observation

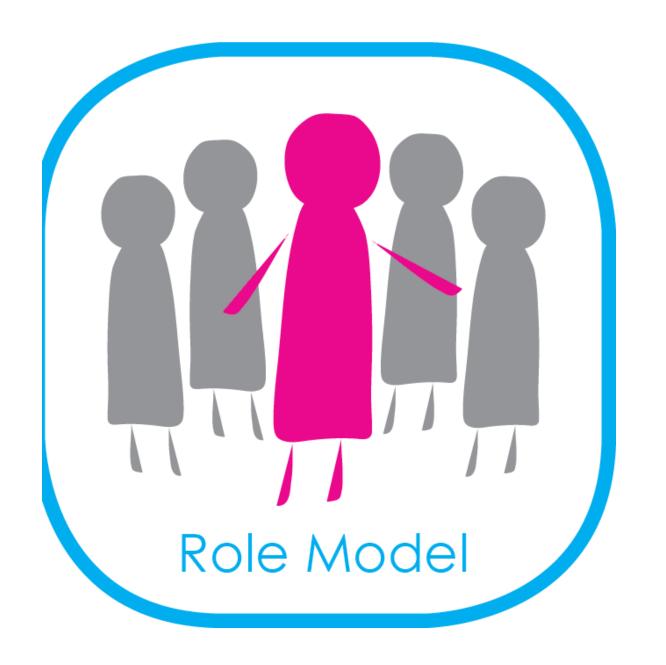
Support people to learn how to speak for and advocate for themselves You are in a great position to effect those changes in perception through your behavior and advocacy

Staff as Messengers



Staff as Role Models

- The community sees how you support someone and it shows them how to act when they encounter someone with a disability
- If staff do things to make people look incompetent, that's how they'll be seen by others
- Helping to engineer situations for success





Competitive Integrated Employment

- Employment that is well matched to the person makes everyone look good
- A poor job match or poor job support does the opposite
- The right job for the right worker with the right conditions to make everyone successful

Meaningful Community Inclusion

- Can't be achieved in large groups
- Can't be achieved by endless one-shot experiences
- Can't be achieved by staff who don't believe
- Staff need skill to provide just the right support for success



Staff must be supported to learn how to:

Teaching and Training in Natural Environments

Use the community as the classroom

Introduce people to their community and the community to them

Look for teachable opportunities

Have teaching/training goals in mind but use what is around them and be opportunistic

Learn to
"Teach from
Behind"

Allow initiation, unassisted attempts at tasks and experiences

Learn to not be at the center of the teaching experience – get out of the way

Failure is okay, especially with a skilled coach to talk the person through the experience

Learn to See the <u>Total</u> Person

Community integrated employment is the goal

BUT

Our work is not isolated from the rest of lives, rather it is woven into it

Work is most satisfying when it is balanced with out other needs and interests



So, what can agencies do to better support staff?

Staff Training and Development

- Great staff orientation is essential first impressions count!
- Repetition of mission and values
- Field-based learning and mentorship
- Untraditional topics customer service, marketing, messaging, advocacy





Good Managers

Need to be trained on how to perform the tasks of the job the workers they manage are charged to do.

Must receive training to provide staff with the best support possible. Being a good worker doesn't automatically translate to being good manager without training.

Can make a real difference when provided the support and resources they need.

Provide Support in the Field

Managers job descriptions should reflect responsibility to support staff in the field.

Managers should have schedules for field visits with staff

Ensure productive staff meetings – think field based!

Provide communication devices/protocols

– keep touch

Data collection devises/protocols – making it easier for staff

Summary

- Now is the time for great advances in the acquisition of full civil rights for people with disabilities – the culmination of decades of effort
- Competitive integrated employment and is key to the inclusion of people with disabilities as valued members of society
- Perception change is critical to culture change and we all play a significant role in making this happen
- We are fortunate to be civil rights workers and advocates for people with disabilities – celebrate your role and recognize your power to promote change!

Questions?