

BadgerCare Plus

This is a health care coverage program for low-income Wisconsin residents. The only way to know if you are able to enroll in the program is to apply. For more information, please visit:

<https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/publications/p1/p10179.pdf>.

Wisconsin's ForwardHealth – Medicaid Plans

Wisconsin's ForwardHealth Medicaid plans for the elderly, blind or disabled provide health care for those who are: Age 65 or older, blind, or disabled; with a family income at or below the monthly program limit; and who are U.S. citizens or legal immigrants. The type of Medicaid plan that an individual may be eligible for depends on your income, assets, and type of care an individual needs. Programs include: Community Waivers; Emergency Services Plan; Family Care; Medicaid Deductible; Medicaid Purchase Plan; Medicare Savings Program; Tuberculosis (TB) Related Services; and Well Woman Medicaid Plan. For more information, please visit:

<https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/medicaid/index.htm>.

ForwardHealth Community Waivers Plan – Medicaid Plan

The Medicaid Community Waivers Plan helps people who are elderly, blind or have a disability to continue living in their own home or in the community, instead of a state institution or nursing home. If enrolled in Medicaid through the Community Waivers Plan, Medicaid may pay for certain supportive services. For more information, please visit:

<https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/publications/p1/p10059.pdf>.

Emergency Services Plan – Medicaid Plan

Emergency Services is a program for people who have an emergency medical condition and cannot get Medicaid or BadgerCare Plus because of immigration or citizenship status. A medical emergency is a medical problem which could put your health at serious risk or harm if you do not get medical care right away. This does not include conditions that are ongoing or chronic. For more information, please visit:

<https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/publications/p1/p10072.pdf>.

Family Care

Family Care is a long-term care program which helps frail elders and adults with disabilities get the services they need to remain in their homes. To understand Family Care, it helps to know what “long-term care” is. Long-term care is any service or support that a person may need because of a disability, getting older, or having a chronic illness that limits their ability to do the things that are part of their daily routine. This includes things, such as bathing, getting dressed, making meals, going to work, and paying bills. Family Care was partially based on experience in developing the Partnership Program, which integrates all health and long-term care services into one inclusive benefit. This comprehensive and flexible program offers services to foster independence and quality of life for members, while recognizing the need for interdependence and support. For more information, please visit:

<https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/familycare/whatisfc.htm>

Medicaid Deductible

The Wisconsin Medicaid /BadgerCare Plus Deductible plan is for those people who meet all the program rules, except the income limit rule and who have high medical bills. Individuals eligible to enroll in a Deductible plan are: Pregnant women; children under the age of 19 years old; or elderly or disabled adults.

Individuals can use the cost of unpaid and recently paid bills for medical or remedial expenses to meet their deductible. Individuals will need to provide proof of the expenses to an agency. Once their deductible has been met, Medicaid/BadgerCare Plus will pay for covered services until the end of the six-month period.

Medical expenses are cost for services or goods that have been prescribed or provided by a professional medical practitioner. The expense is for diagnosis, cure, treatment, or prevention of disease or for treatment affecting any part of the body. Examples of medical expenses include: Health insurance premiums; and the portion of medical bills you must pay for yourself, your spouse or your minor children after Medicare and private insurance has paid.

Remedial expenses are costs for services and/or goods that you get to relieve, remedy or reduce a medical or health condition. These are costs that you are expected to pay and cannot be paid by any other source, such as Medicaid or BadgerCare Plus, private insurance, or an employer. Some examples of remedial expenses are: Case management; Day care; Housing modifications for accessibility; Respite care; Supportive home care; and Transportation. Remedial expenses do not include housing or room and board services.

Individuals cannot meet their deductible by using expenses that are paid by Medicare or a private insurance policy. Also, they cannot use a cost to meet more than one deductible; even if it has not been paid.

For more information, please visit: <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/publications/p1/p10052.pdf>.

Wisconsin Medicaid – Purchase Plan

The Medicaid Purchase Plan offers people with disabilities who are working or interested in working the opportunity to buy health care coverage through the Wisconsin Medicaid program. Depending on an individual's income, a premium payment may be required for this health care coverage. A person applying for this program must: be at least 18 years old; reside in Wisconsin; have individual countable assets of less than \$15,000; be determined to have a disability by the Department of Health Services' Disability Determination Bureau; be employed in a paid position or be enrolled in a certified Health and Employment Counseling program; and have an adjusted family income of less than 250% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines (less than \$60,750 for a family of four in 2016). For more information, please visit: <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/publications/p1/p10071.pdf>.

Medicare Savings Program

Wisconsin's Medicaid Program may be able to help pay for certain Medicare costs if individuals are eligible to enroll in a Medicare Savings Program. Medicare Savings Program, Medicaid may pay individuals' required premiums, coinsurance, and deductibles for both Part A (hospital-related costs) and B (physician-related costs), depending on the program. The various Medicare Savings Programs are generally available to individuals at or below 200% of the Federal Poverty Guidelines (less than \$32,040 for a family of two in 2016) and with less than \$11,000 in assets. For more information, please visit: <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/publications/p1/p10062.pdf>.

Tuberculosis (TB) Related Services – Medicaid Plan

Tuberculosis (TB) Only Related Services is ForwardHealth's plan for those who have been diagnosed with tuberculosis but do not meet the rules to enroll in Wisconsin Medicaid or BadgerCare Plus. The TB-Only Related Services Plan helps pay some medical costs for the care of tuberculosis (TB) infection or TB disease. To enroll in this plan, a person must meet income and asset rules and have been infected with TB. For one person, the monthly income limit is \$1,551 (gross) and the asset limit is \$2,000 or less. For a minor, age 18 or younger living at home, some of the parents' income and assets may be counted. To learn more, please visit: <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/publications/p1/p10022.pdf>.

Well Woman Medicaid Plan

Wisconsin Well Woman Medicaid allows certain women to get full Medicaid benefits. This program helps women who have been diagnosed and are in need of treatment for breast or cervical cancer pay health care costs. An individual may be able to get Wisconsin Well Woman Medicaid, if they are: enrolled in the Wisconsin Well Woman Program through Well Woman Program Local Coordinating Agencies; under age 65 and have been screened for breast or cervical cancer by the Wisconsin Well Woman Program; a resident of Wisconsin; a citizen or qualifying immigrant; able to provide a Social Security Number or apply for one; not able to get private or public health care coverage for treatment of breast or cervical cancer; and have a diagnosis of breast or cervical cancer, or a precancerous condition of the cervix, and need treatment for the breast or cervical cancer, or a precancerous condition of the cervix, as identified by the Wisconsin Well Woman diagnosing provider. For more information, please visit: <https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/medicaid/publications/p10065.htm>.